

Diagnosing and Accommodating Pandemic Effects on Ongoing Research

Steve Gregorich

December 17, 2020

UCSF Center for AIDS Prevention Studies/Prevention Research Center

CAPS Methods Core Seminar

Some possible pandemic-related impacts on a study

Under investigator control

- . High-level changes
 - Study discontinuation
 - Change to aims, population, outcome, design
- . Modification of Recruitment Methods
- . Modification of Experimental Intervention
 - Discontinuation
 - Temporary delivery interruption
 - Change in modality of delivery (allow for intra-person heterogeneity?)
 - Change in fidelity (not always under investigator control)
- . Modification of Design Features
 - Change in randomization method
 - Change in data collection modality/location/frequency/timing/personnel

Some possible pandemic-related impacts on a study

Not under investigator control

Secular/contextual factors, e.g.,

- . Reduced autonomy of motion
- . Changes in normative behavior
- . Changes in access to resources
- . Economic impacts

. Participant reaction to study modifications and/or pandemic

- . Change in recruitment rate/population
- . Change in intervention/protocol adherence
- . Change in study retention

. Participant experience with pandemic disease

- . Participant tests positive for pandemic disease
- . Participant treated, hospitalized, and/or dies from pandemic disease

. Other pandemic-related participant factors

- . Reduced health care access
- . Essential worker status
- . Changes in food/housing security, housing composition

Some possible pandemic-related impacts on a study

When pandemic onset occurs mid study, many investigators choose to

- . Temporarily halt the study
- . Institute design & protocol modifications in response to the pandemic
- . Resume the study with modifications

Pandemic-related factors could impact study effect estimates

Document and describe

- . Pandemic-related contextual factors
- . Study design and protocol modifications
- . Participant-level pandemic-related factors hypothesized to impact...
 - . Ongoing study participation and intervention adherence
 - . Study outcomes
- . Useful for sensitivity analyses

Possible estimates for a study that was ongoing at pandemic onset

Pooled-data estimates

Use both pre-pandemic and pandemic-era data to estimate effect

Hopefully, the pandemic does not impact study results or
any such impacts can be statistically accommodated

What is possible/reasonable depends on the data & diagnostics

If assumptions underlying a pooled-data estimate are not supported,
or are not testable, then consider one or both of the following

Pre-pandemic estimate

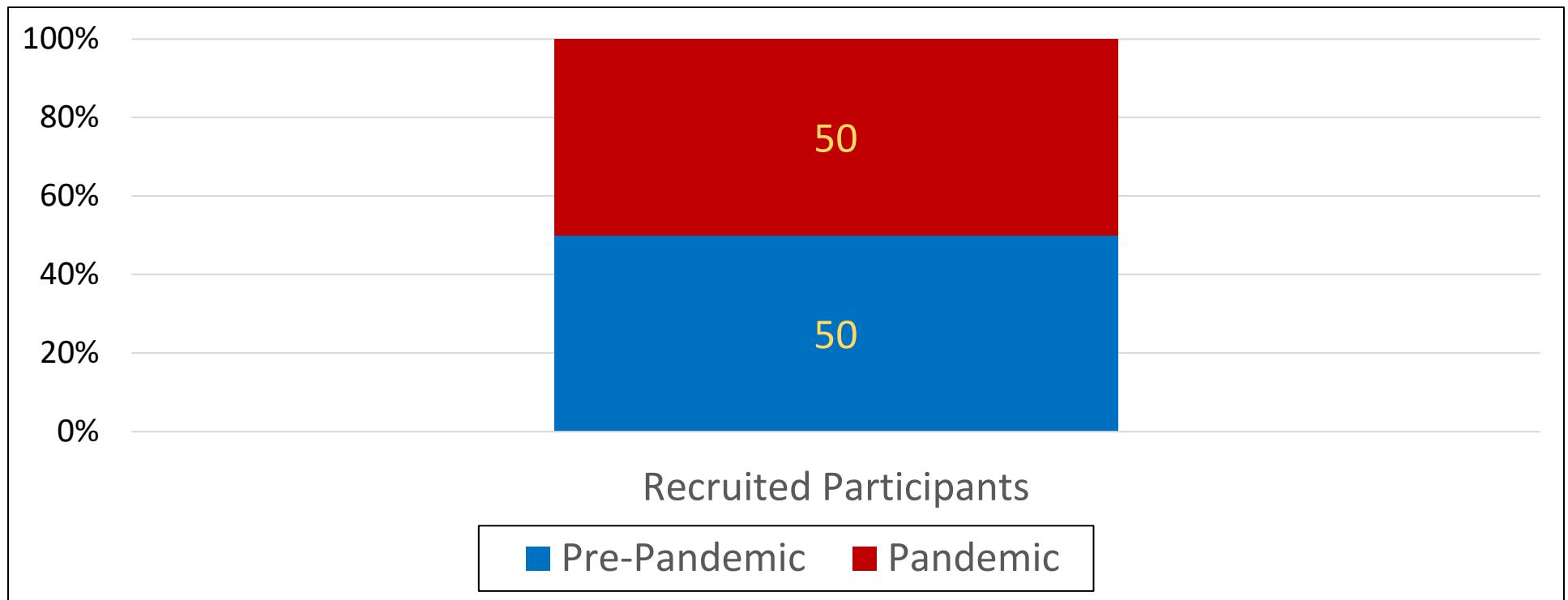
Use pre-pandemic data to estimate a pre-pandemic effect

Pandemic-era estimate

Use pandemic-era data to estimate a pandemic-era effect

*Not every study will result in data that can support
pooled-data, pre-pandemic, and pandemic-era estimates*

Simple Example: Cross-sectional study with 50%-50% recruitment during the pre-pandemic and pandemic-era periods



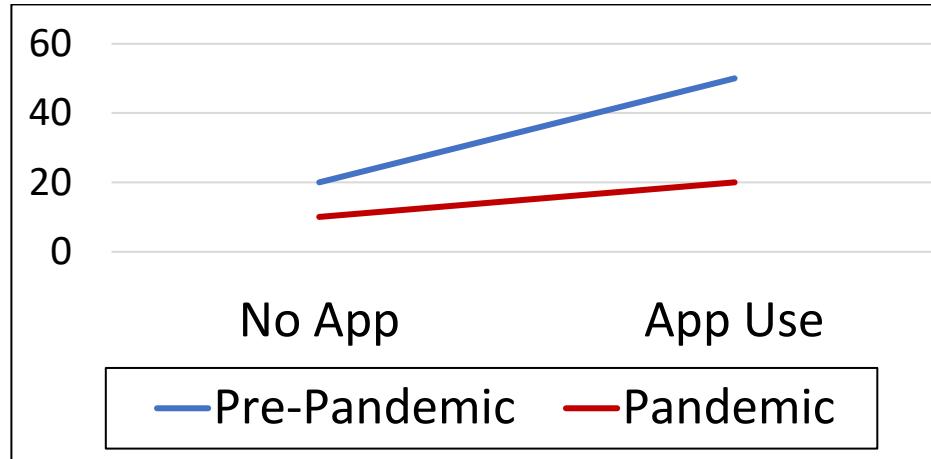
Example Goal

Estimate the association btw. dating app use (x) & unprotected sex (y)

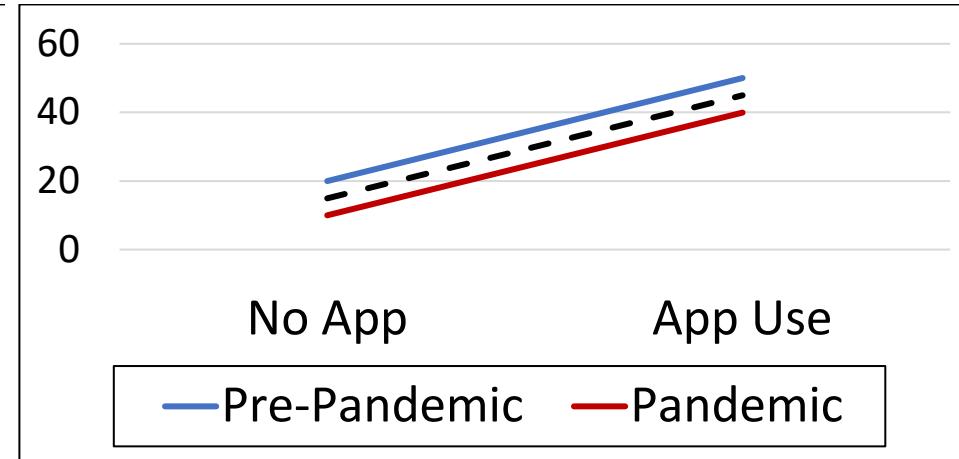
- . Diagnostic Q: Is the association of x and y roughly equivalent across the pre-pandemic and pandemic periods?

Simple Example: Cross-sectional study with 50%-50% recruitment during the pre-pandemic and pandemic periods

App-by-Pandemic Interaction



No Interaction Effect



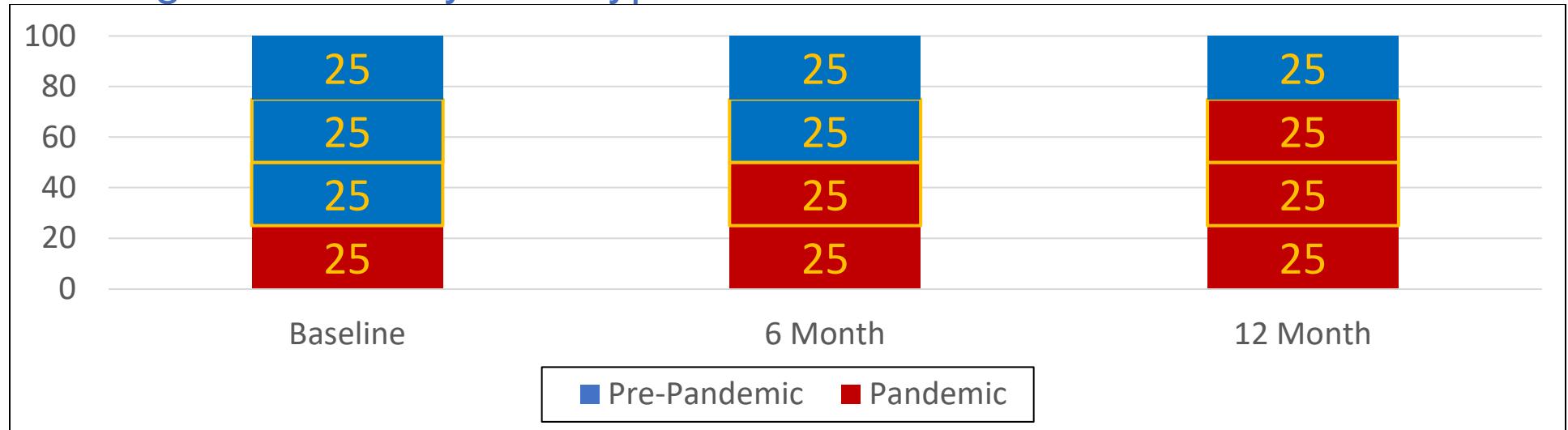
Dx: test effects of app use, pandemic period, & interaction on outcome

If interaction effect is significant, report effects stratified by period
i.e., separate **pre-pandemic** and **pandemic-era** estimates
B/c of confounding, unclear reasons for non-equivalent associations

If interaction effect is n.s., report association pooled across periods,
conditional on pandemic period indicator.
i.e., the **pooled-data** estimate (dotted black line)

Timing of Scheduled Study Visits Relative to Pandemic Onset

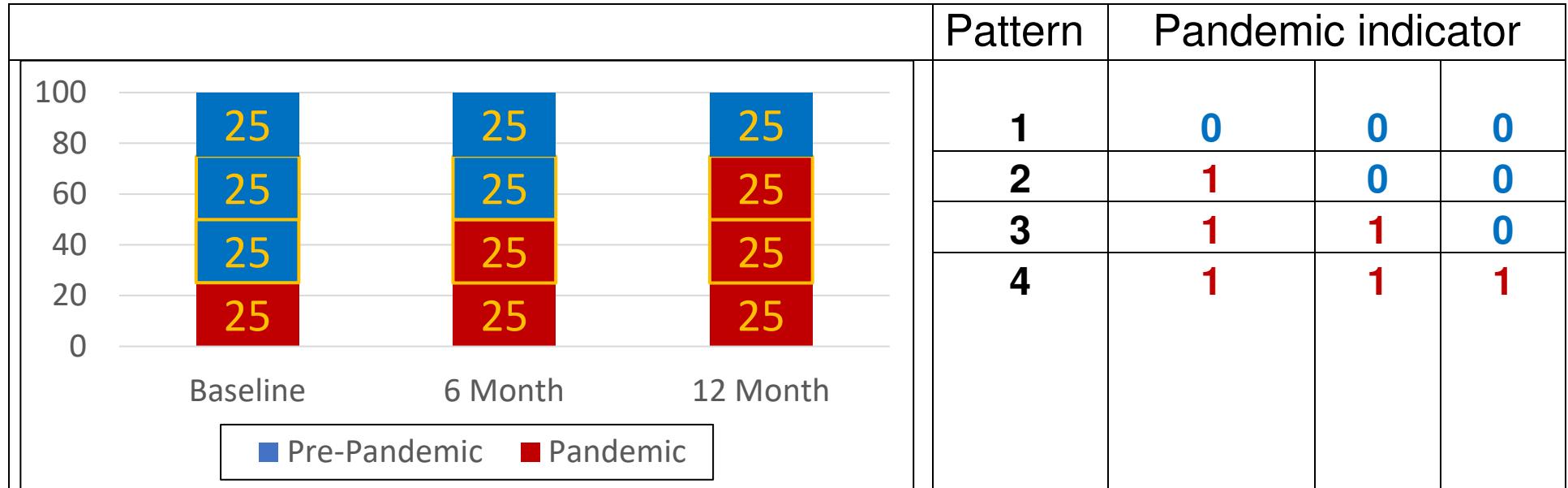
Longitudinal Study Prototype



Possible Estimates

- . **Pooled-data.** Fit model to all data
Choose when **group**, **time**, and/or **group*time** effect estimates
are not modified by pandemic status.
Best power when defensible.
- . **Pre-pandemic.** Fit model to pre-pandemic-only ('blue') data.
- . **Pandemic-era.** Fit model to pandemic-era-only ('red') data.

Pooled-data Estimate



Diagnostic ITT model includes group (G), time (T), & pandemic (P) effects plus G*T, G*P, T*P, and G*T*P interactions, i.e. the saturated model

Backward elimination of non-substantial interaction effects

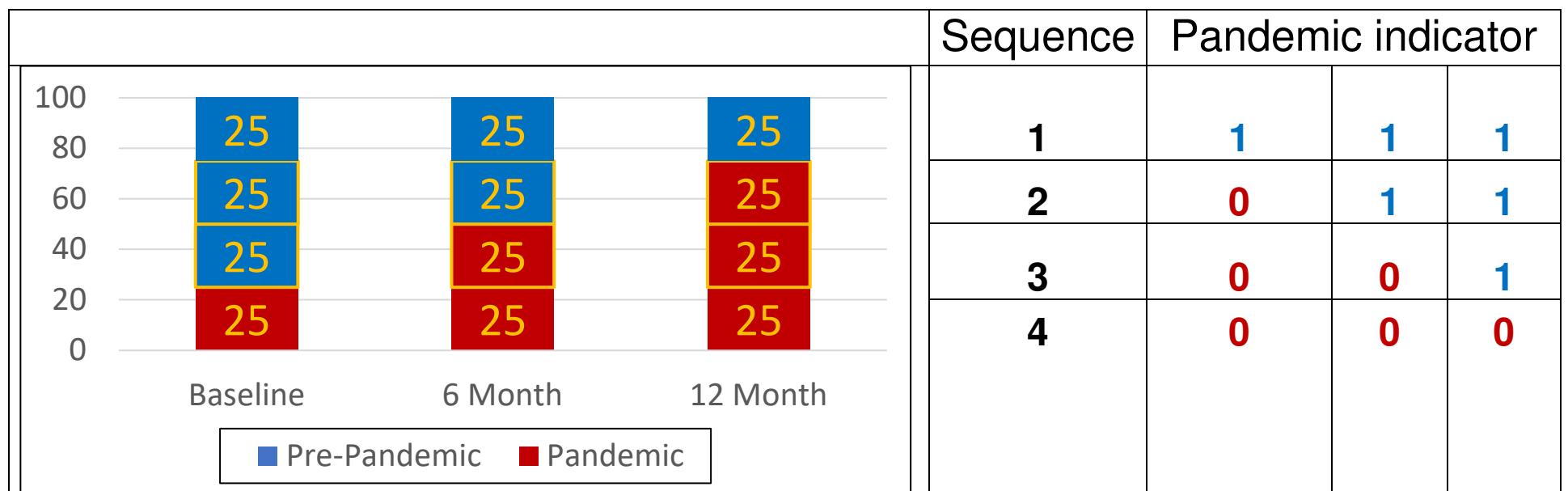
Impact of pandemic-related interaction effects on pooled-data estimates

- . group*pandemic: biased pooled-data group main effects
- . time*pandemic: biased pooled-data time main effects
- . group*time*pandemic: biased pooled-data group, time, group*time effects

Simulations

Each simulation...

- . Generated a single-replicate large sample: $N=10K$
- . Assumed an RCT with 3 fixed assessment times: Base, 6mth, 12mth
- . Assumed two pandemic states balanced within each intervention group
- . Assumed four sequences of pandemic status across assessment times



Simulations

Five data-generating—or population—models (PM)

All observations independent

PM1. Base Population Model (group, time, group*time, pandemic effects)

$$y_{it} = d_{6m} + d_{12m}*2 + \text{group}_i*d_{6m} + \text{group}_i*d_{12m}*2 + \text{pandemic}_{it} + e_{it},$$

where d_{6m} & d_{12m} are dummies for time; group=0 for Ctl & group=1 for Trt

Pre-Pandemic Population Parameters

	Base	6mth	12mth	Δ_{6-B}	Δ_{12-6}	Δ_{12-B}
Ctl	0	1	2	1	1	2
Trt	0	4	7	4	3	7
$\Delta_{Trt-Ctl}$	0	3	5	3	2	5

. black=population means, orange=group effects, blue=time effects, red=group*time effects

PM1 contains no interactions involving pandemic.

Therefore, we expect that an appropriate data analysis will yield unbiased pooled-data group, time, and group*time effect estimates

Simulations

Population models

Pop. Model	Population effects included	E: re. pooled-data estimates	
		biased	unbiased
PM1 (G T, P)	group time group*time pandemic		group time group*time
PM2 (G T, G P)	PM1 + group*pandemic	group	time group*time
PM3 (G T, T P)	PM1 + time*pandemic	time	group group*time
PM4 (G T P@2)	PM1 + group*pandemic time*pandemic	group time	group*time
PM5 (G T P)	PM1 + group*pandemic time*pandemic group*time*pandemic	group time group*time	

Simulations

The pre-pandemic expectations are identical for PM1 - PM5

The pandemic-era expectations are unique to each population model

E.g., the expected values for population model 5 (PM5) follow

PM5 Pre-Pandemic Population Parameters

	Base	6mth	12mth	Δ_{6-B}	Δ_{12-6}	Δ_{12-B}
Ctl	0	1	2	1	1	2
Trt	0	4	7	4	3	0
$\Delta_{Trt-Ctl}$	0	3	5	3	2	5

PM5 Pandemic-Era Population Parameters.

	Base	6mth	12mth	Δ_{6-B}	Δ_{12-6}	Δ_{12-B}
Ctl	-1	-1	1	0	2	2
Trt	-2	-1	5	1	6	7
$\Delta_{Trt-Ctl}$	-1	0	4	1	4	5

PM5 Pandemic-era minus Pre-pandemic

	Base	6mth	12mth	Δ_{6-B}	Δ_{12-6}	Δ_{12-B}
Ctl	-1	-2	-1	-1	-1	0
Trt	-2	-5	-2	-3	3	7
$\Delta_{Trt-Ctl}$	-1	-3	-1	-2	2	0

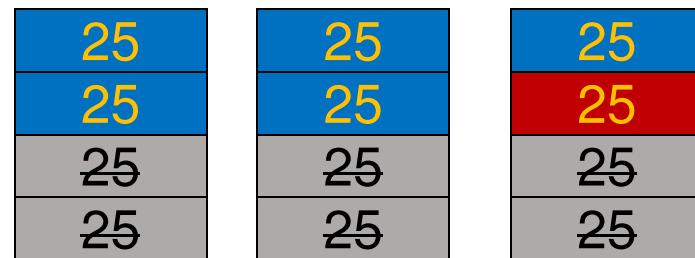
Simulations: Sequence Sets of Pandemic Status

By selecting from among the 4 pandemic status sequences,
create 6 sets of sequences representing different study designs

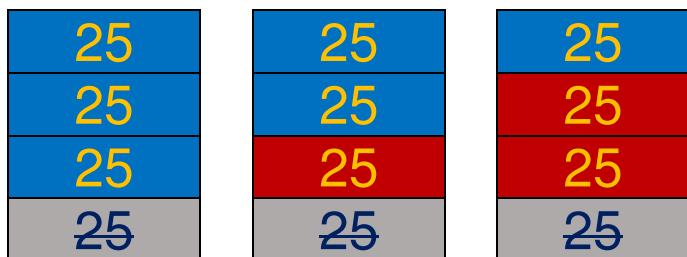
S(1,2,3,4)



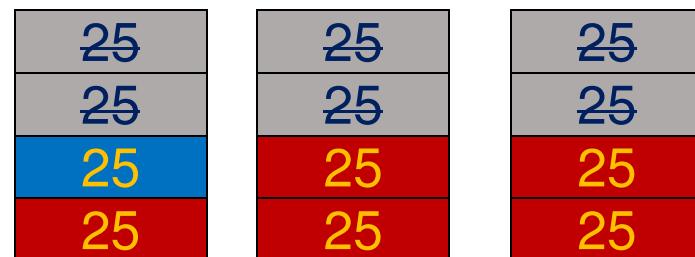
S(1,2)



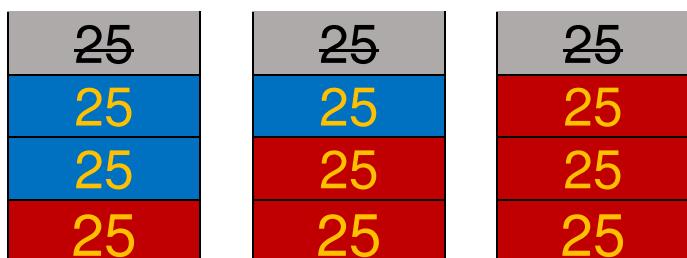
S(1,2,3)



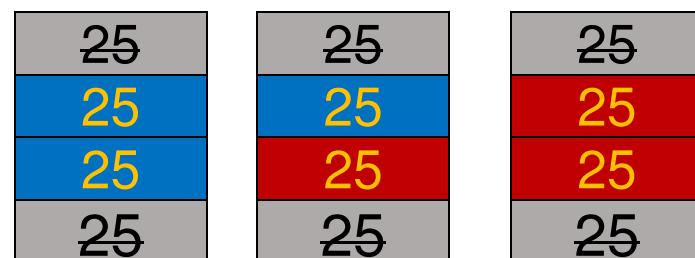
S(3,4)



S(2,3,4)



S(2,3)



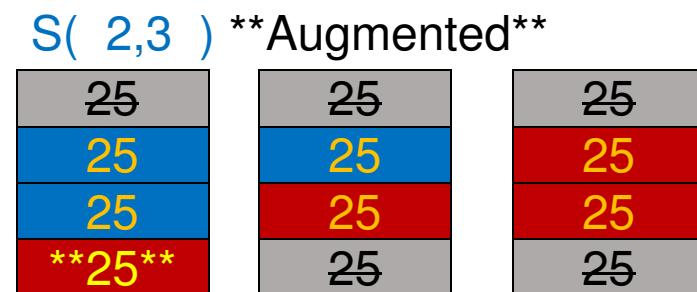
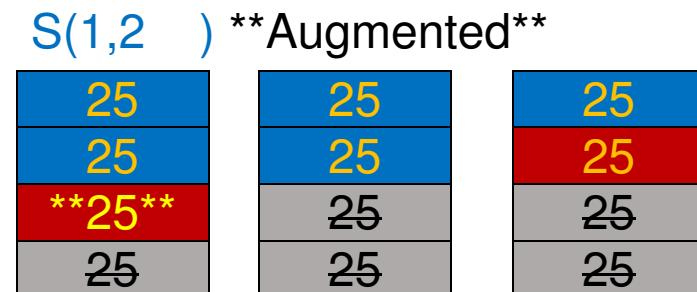
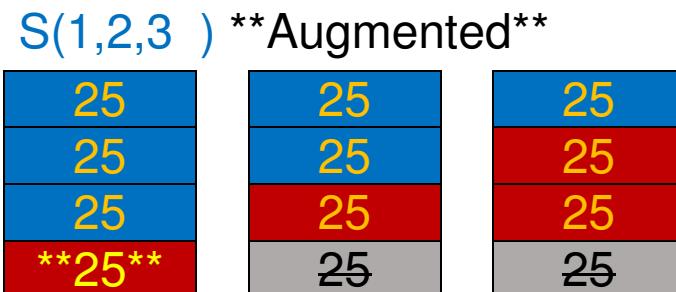
Simulations

30 simulated conditions: 5 pop. models \times 6 pandemic status sequences

- . For $S(1,2,3,4)$, results from all 5 population models are covered
- . For remaining sequences, results from one pop. model are reported

Additional simulations include

- a. A variation of PM5 with 'simpler' T*P and G*T*P effects
- b. Possible augmentation of studies w/ $S(1,2,3)$, $S(1,2)$, and $S(2,3)$ to include a pandemic-era baseline



Four Types of Models Fit to Simulated Data

1. Diagnostic (Dx) Model

Start with 3-way interaction model

Backward elimination of non-substantial effects that include **pandemic**

The final empirical model is the labeled the Analysis Model

For interactions with $\geq 2\text{df}$, test the corresponding simple 1df effects

```
proc genmod data=x;
  class Group Time Pandemic;
  model Y = Group|Time|Pandemic / type3;
  estimate '-----' int 0;
  estimate ' Dx: Simple 2x2 Effects of Time*Pandemic ' int 0;
  estimate '-----' int 0;
  estimate 'Time*Pandemic: Base- 6mth'           Time*Pandemic 1 -1 -1  1  0  0;
  estimate 'Time*Pandemic: 6mth-12mth'          Time*Pandemic 0  0  1 -1 -1  1;
  estimate 'Time*Pandemic: Base-12mth'          Time*Pandemic 1 -1  0  0 -1  1;
  estimate '-----' int 0;
  estimate ' Dx: 2x2x2 Effects of Group*Time*Pandemic' int 0;
  estimate '-----' int 0;
  estimate 'Group*Time*Pandemic: Base- 6mth'      Group*Time*Pandemic  1 -1 -1  1  0  0
                                                -1  1  1 -1  0  0;
  estimate 'Group*Time*Pandemic: 6mth-12mth'     Group*Time*Pandemic  0  0  1 -1 -1  1
                                                0  0 -1  1  1 -1;
  estimate 'Group*Time*Pandemic: Base-12mth'     Group*Time*Pandemic  1 -1  0  0 -1  1
                                                -1  1  0  0  1 -1;
run;
```

Four Types of Models Fit to Simulated Data

2. ANOVA Model

- . Fit the Analysis Model w/ **group**, **time**, & **pandemic** as classification vars
- . SAS GLM parameterization of all classification variables is convenient
- . Produce 16 custom 1df effect estimates including...
 - group** main effects at each assessment time $\times 3$
 - group** main effect averaged across 6 &12 months $\times 1$
 - 2x2 **group*time** interaction effects, e.g., $G*T_{(base-6m)}$, $G*T_{(base-12m)}$ $\times 3$
 - Simple effects of **time** w/in each group, e.g., $T_{(base-6m)}$ in Trt grp $\times 6$
 - Group-averaged effects of **time**, e.g., $T_{(base-6m)}$ Ctl & Trt average $\times 3$

```
proc genmod data=x;
  class Group Time Pandemic;
  model Y = Group|Time < retained Pandemic effects > /type3;
  estimate ' Simple Group Main Effects ' int 0;
  estimate ' Trt v Ctl @ Base ' Group -1 1 Group*Time -1 0 0 1 0 0;
  estimate ' Trt v Ctl @ 6mth ' Group -1 1 Group*Time 0 -1 0 0 1 0;
  estimate ' Trt v Ctl @ 12mth ' Group -1 1 Group*Time 0 0 -1 0 0 1;
  estimate ' Trt v Ctl @ 6mth+12mth: Time-Avg ' Group -1 1 Group*Time 0 -.5 -.5 0 .5 .5;
  <more ESTIMATE statements>;
run;
```

Include Pandemic-related effects retained in Analysis Model

ESTIMATE statements produce 16 simple effects.

Four Types of Models Fit to Simulated Data

3. ANCOVA Model (pooled-data & stratified estimates)

- . Fit the Analysis Model w/ **group** & **time** as classification vars.

SAS GLM parameterization of all classification variables is convenient

Model **pandemic** as a 'continuous' covariate

Estimate each of the 16 simple effects for each pandemic state

The 16 effects conditioned on pandemic=0 and

The 16 effects conditioned on pandemic=1

ANOVA model could do this. In SAS, **ANCOVA** model is much simpler

```
proc genmod data=x;
  class Group Time;
  model Y = Group|Time <retained Pandemic effects> / type3;

  lsmeans Group      'Simple Group Main Effects' 0 0          /at Pandemic=0;
  lsmeans Group*Time 'Trt v Ctl @ Base, PrePand' -1 0 0 1 0 0 /at Pandemic=0;
  lsmeans Group*Time 'Trt v Ctl @ 6Mth, PrePand' 0 -1 0 0 1 0 /at Pandemic=0;
  lsmeans Group*Time 'Trt v Ctl @ 12Mth, PrePand' 0 0 -1 0 0 1 /at Pandemic=0;
  lsmeans Group*Time 'Trt v Ctl @ 6+12mth, PrePand' 0 -.5 -.5 0 .5 .5 /at Pandemic=0;
  ...
  lsmeans group*time 'Trt v Ctl @ Base, PandEra' -1 0 0 1 0 0 /at Pandemic=1 ;
  <more LSMESTIMATE statements>;
run;
```

Pandemic is a covariate: not in CLASS statement

Use LSMESTIMATE (not ESTIMATE) statements to calculate the 16 simple effects. One set of 16 for the pre-pandemic estimates and another set for the pandemic-era estimates.

Four Types of Models Fit to Simulated Data

4. Stratified Models

- . Fit pandemic-stratified models w/ **group**, **time**, & **group*time** effects (**G|T**)
I.e., one model fit to pre-pandemic data & one fit to pandemic-era data.

SAS GLM parameterization of all classification variables is convenient

Try to estimate each of the 16 simple effects for each pandemic state

Stratified models are 'safe harbors' but are often result in fewer estimates
that can be (relatively) inefficient

```
proc genmod data=x;
  class Group Time;
  model Y = Group|Time / type3;
  where Pandemic=0;
```

For the pre-pandemic stratified model,
restrict to pre-pandemic data.

Fit a second stratified model to pandemic-era data

ESTIMATE statements produce
16 simple effects.

Note that. e.g., **Group*Time** will
not be fully represented for some
combinations of sequence pattern
and pandemic status.

```
estimate ' Simple Group Main Effects ' int 0;
estimate ' Trt v Ctl @ Base   ' Group -1 1 Group*Time -1  0  0  1  0  0;
estimate ' Trt v Ctl @ 6mth   ' Group -1 1 Group*Time  0  -1  0  0  1  0;
estimate ' Trt v Ctl @ 12mth  ' Group -1 1 Group*Time  0  0  -1  0  0  1;
estimate ' Trt v Ctl @ 6mth+12mth: Time-Avg ' Group -1 1 Group*Time  0  -.5  -.5  0  .5  .5;
<more ESTIMATE statements>;
```

```
run;
```

Summaries of Simulation Results

- . In many (most?) cases, **ANCOVA** is equal to or better than **ANOVA**
- . Stratified analyses are a last resort but also have some Dx function
- . Mostly, I present **ANCOVA** and **Stratified** estimates side by side
- . I present **ANOVA** results within limited contexts
- . For jointly unbiased estimates, I also present the relative efficiency (RE) of **ANCOVA** versus **Stratified** estimates
- . If no RE is reported, then estimate is biased, or bias is indeterminable

RE is estimated by comparing corresponding standard error estimates across two competing models, e.g., **ANCOVA** vs. **Stratified**

$$\widehat{RE}_{\text{ANCOVA:Strat}} = \hat{\sigma}_{\text{Strat}}^2 / \hat{\sigma}_{\text{ANCOVA}}^2,$$

RE can be considered a ratio of effective sample sizes,
e.g., an RE of 2.0 suggests that a **Stratified** analysis would require a doubling of sample size to obtain efficiency equivalent to the original **ANCOVA** model

Simulations with S(1,2,3,4)

The first simulations consider analysis of data with S(1234)

group will be fully crossed with pandemic for all sequence sets
i.e., each pandemic state is observed within each group

However, in many studies time will not be fully crossed with pandemic.

We first consider simulations where time & pandemic are
fully crossed, i.e., S(1,2,3,4)

S(1,2,3,4) simulated sample sizes by sequence

Sequence	Base	6mth	12mth
1	2500	2500	2500
2	2500	2500	2500
3	2500	2500	2500
4	2500	2500	2500

S(1,2,3,4) simulated sample sizes by pandemic

pandemic	Base	6mth	12mth
0	7500	5000	2500
1	2500	5000	7500

Scenario 01: PM1 [G|T, P], S(1,2,3,4)

Diagnostic (Dx) model tested up to 3-way interaction.

Source	df	χ^2	p
group	1	5465.15	<.0001
time	2	22381.4	<.0001
group*time	2	3479.57	<.0001
pandemic	1	5734.55	<.0001
group*pandemic	1	0.01	0.9214
time*pandemic	2	0.26	0.8803
group*time*pandemic	2	1.21	0.5458

Via backward elimination, drop non-substantial pandemic-related effects

In this case, the G*P, T*P, and G*T*P effects are dropped

The final empirical model is labeled as the Analysis Model, here G|T, P

Prognosis

- . No G*T*P effect: Expect unbiased pooled-data group*time effects
- . No G*P or G*T*P effect: Expect unbiased pooled-data group effects
- . No T*P or G*T*P effect: Expect unbiased pooled-data time effects

Scenario 01: PM1 [G|T, P], S(1,2,3,4)

Diagnostic model (Dx). A closer look.

Note that the time effect has 3 categories and 2df

So, the time*pandemic and group*time*pandemic effects have 2df

For Type3 tests w/ $\geq 2\text{df}$, construct corresponding 1df tests

	Estimate	se	p
Dx: Simple 2x2 Effects of Time*Pandemic	.	.	.
Time*Pandemic: Base- 6mth	-0.0141	0.0306	0.6444
Time*Pandemic: 6mth-12mth	0.0117	0.0306	0.7018
Time*Pandemic: Base-12mth	-0.0024	0.0327	0.9413
Dx: 2x2x2 Effects of Group*Time*Pandemic	.	.	.
Group*Time*Pandemic: Base- 6mth	0.0643	0.0612	0.2930
Group*Time*Pandemic: 6mth-12mth	-0.0097	0.0612	0.8744
Group*Time*Pandemic: Base-12mth	0.0547	0.0654	0.4032

No surprises in this case because the Type3 test statistics were tiny.
Even so, this is an important part of the Dx model

Scenario 01: PM1 [G|T, P], S(1,2,3,4)

Compare pre-pandemic stderr estimates across ANCOVA and Stratified models

		PANDEMIC=0			PANDEMIC=1		
		b	se	RE	b	se	RE
Simple Group Main Effects							
Trt v Ctl @ Base	: E=0,0	0.01	0.020	1.32	0.01	0.020	4.02
Trt v Ctl @ 6mth	: E=3,3	2.95	0.020	1.98	2.95	0.020	2.01
Trt v Ctl @ 12mth	: E=5,5	4.99	0.020	3.97	4.99	0.020	1.34
Trt v Ctl @ 6mth+12mth: Time-Avg:	E=4,4	3.97	0.014	2.97	3.97	0.014	1.67
Group*Time Interaction Effects							
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base- 6m	: E=3,3	2.94	0.028	1.65	2.94	0.028	3.02
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @ 6m-12m	: E=2,2	2.04	0.028	2.97	2.04	0.028	1.67
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base-12m	: E=5,5	4.98	0.028	2.64	4.98	0.028	2.68
Within-Group Time Main Effects							
Ctl: 6mth v Base	: E=1,1	1.03	0.020	1.61	1.03	0.020	2.94
Ctl: 12mth v 6mth	: E=1,1	0.95	0.020	2.90	0.95	0.020	1.63
Ctl: 12mth v Base	: E=2,2	1.98	0.021	2.40	1.98	0.021	2.44
Trt: 6mth v Base	: E=4,4	3.97	0.020	1.61	3.97	0.020	2.94
Trt: 12mth v 6mth	: E=3,3	2.99	0.020	2.90	2.99	0.020	1.63
Trt: 12mth v Base	: E=7,7	6.97	0.021	2.40	6.97	0.022	2.44
Group-Averaged Time Main Effects							
Group-Avg: 6mth v Base	: E=2.5,2.5	2.50	0.014	1.57	2.50	0.014	2.87
Group-Avg: 12mth v 6mth	: E=2.0,2.0	1.97	0.014	2.83	1.97	0.014	1.59
Group-Avg: 12mth v Base	: E=4.5,4.5	4.48	0.015	2.20	4.48	0.015	2.23

Compare pandemic-era stderr estimates across ANCOVA and Stratified models

Note. E= holds expected values for pre-pandemic and pandemic-era, respectively

As expected, estimates equivalent and unbiased across pandemic states.

ANCOVA had a RE advantage versus Stratified analyses

Scenario 02: PM2 [G|T, G|P], S(1,2,3,4)

		PANDEMIC=0			PANDEMIC=1		
		b	se	RE	b	se	RE
Simple Group Main Effects							
Trt v Ctl @ Base	: E=0, -1	0.01	0.021	1.20	-0.99	0.027	2.11
Trt v Ctl @ 6mth	: E=3, 2	2.95	0.023	1.41	1.94	0.023	1.43
Trt v Ctl @ 12mth	: E=5, 4	4.99	0.027	2.09	3.99	0.021	1.22
Trt v Ctl @ 6mth+12mth: Time-Avg:	E=4, 3	3.97	0.021	1.32	2.97	0.017	1.15
Group*Time Interaction Effects							
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base- 6m	: E=3, 3	2.94	0.029	1.57	2.94	0.029	2.87
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @ 6m-12m	: E=2, 2	2.04	0.029	2.83	2.04	0.029	1.59
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base-12m	: E=5, 5	4.99	0.031	2.20	4.99	0.031	2.23
Within-Group Time Main Effects							
Ctl: 6mth v Base	: E=1, 1	1.03	0.020	1.57	1.03	0.020	2.87
Ctl: 12mth v 6mth	: E=1, 1	0.95	0.020	2.83	0.95	0.020	1.59
Ctl: 12mth v Base	: E=2, 2	1.98	0.021	2.20	1.98	0.021	2.23
Trt: 6mth v Base	: E=4, 4	3.97	0.020	1.57	3.97	0.020	2.87
Trt: 12mth v 6mth	: E=3, 3	2.99	0.020	2.83	2.99	0.020	1.59
Trt: 12mth v Base	: E=7, 7	6.97	0.021	2.20	6.97	0.021	2.23
Group-Averaged Time Main Effects							
Group-Avg: 6mth v Base	: E=2.5, 2.5	2.50	0.014	1.57	2.50	0.014	2.87
Group-Avg: 12mth v 6mth	: E=2.0, 2.0	1.97	0.014	2.83	1.97	0.014	1.59
Group-Avg: 12mth v Base	: E=4.5, 4.5	4.48	0.015	2.20	4.48	0.015	2.23

Note. E= holds expected values for pre-pandemic and pandemic-era periods, respectively

- . As expected, estimates equivalent except for group main effects
- . All estimates unbiased
- . RE advantage of **ANCOVA**
- . **ANCOVA** a hybrid model: both pooled-data and 'stratified' estimates

Scenario 02: PM2 [G|T, G|P], S(1,2,3,4)

New focus: ANOVA vs ANCOVA Pre-Pandemic Estimates

				PANDMIC=0			
		b	se	RE	b	se	RE
Simple Group Main Effects							
Trt v Ctl @ Base	: E=0, -1	-0.49	0.021	.	0.008	0.021	1.20
Trt v Ctl @ 6mth	: E=3, 2	2.45	0.020	.	2.95	0.023	1.41
Trt v Ctl @ 12mth	: E=5, 4	4.49	0.021	.	4.99	0.027	2.09
Trt v Ctl @ 6mth+12mth: Time-Avg:	E=4, 3	3.47	0.014	.	3.97	0.021	1.32
Group*Time Interaction Effects							
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base- 6m	: E=3, 3	2.94	0.029	1.57	2.94	0.029	1.57
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @ 6m-12m	: E=2, 2	2.04	0.029	2.83	2.04	0.029	2.83
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base-12m	: E=5, 5	4.99	0.031	2.20	4.99	0.031	2.20
Within-Group Time Main Effects							
Ctl: 6mth v Base	: E=1, 1	1.03	0.020	1.57	1.03	0.020	1.57
Ctl: 12mth v 6mth	: E=1, 1	0.95	0.020	2.83	0.95	0.020	2.83
Ctl: 12mth v Base	: E=2, 2	1.98	0.021	2.20	1.98	0.021	2.20
Trt: 6mth v Base	: E=4, 4	3.97	0.020	1.57	3.97	0.020	1.57
Trt: 12mth v 6mth	: E=3, 3	2.99	0.020	2.83	2.99	0.020	2.83
Trt: 12mth v Base	: E=7, 7	6.97	0.021	2.20	6.97	0.021	2.20
Group-Averaged Time Main Effects							
Group-Avg: 6mth v Base	: E=2.5, 2.5	2.50	0.014	1.57	2.50	0.014	1.57
Group-Avg: 12mth v 6mth	: E=2.0, 2.0	1.97	0.014	2.83	1.97	0.014	2.83
Group-Avg: 12mth v Base	: E=4.5, 4.5	4.48	0.015	2.20	4.48	0.015	2.20

ANOVA group main effects are averaged across pandemic status.

Again, **ANOVA** could obtain the same results as ANCOVA.

ANCOVA approach is a lot easier within SAS.

Scenario 03: PM3 [G|T, T|P], S(1,2,3,4)

Refocus on comparing ANCOVA versus Stratified model estimates

	b	se	PANDEMIC=0		PANDEMIC=1	
			RE	b_	se	RE
Simple Group Main Effects						
Trt v Ctl @ Base	: E=0,0	0.01	0.020	1.32	0.01	0.020
Trt v Ctl @ 6mth	: E=3,3	2.95	0.020	1.98	2.95	0.020
Trt v Ctl @ 12mth	: E=5,5	4.99	0.020	3.97	4.99	0.020
Trt v Ctl @ 6mth+12mth: Time-Avg:	E=4,4	3.97	0.014	2.97	3.97	0.014
Group*Time Interaction Effects						
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base- 6m	: E=3,3	2.94	0.028	1.65	2.94	0.028
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @ 6m-12m	: E=2,2	2.04	0.028	2.97	2.04	0.028
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base-12m	: E=5,5	4.98	0.028	2.64	4.98	0.028
Within-Group Time Main Effects						
Ctl: 6mth v Base	: E=1,0	1.03	0.023	1.24	0.02	0.028
Ctl: 12mth v 6mth	: E=1,0	0.94	0.028	1.48	-0.04	0.023
Ctl: 12mth v Base	: E=2,0	1.98	0.027	1.44	-0.01	0.027
Trt: 6mth v Base	: E=4,3	3.98	0.023	1.24	2.97	0.028
Trt: 12mth v 6mth	: E=3,2	2.99	0.028	1.48	2.00	0.023
Trt: 12mth v Base	: E=7,5	6.97	0.027	1.44	4.97	0.027
Group-Averaged Time Main Effects						
Group-Avg: 6mth v Base	: E=2.5,1.5	2.51	0.018	0.99	1.49	0.024
Group-Avg: 12mth v 6mth	: E=2.0,1.0	1.97	0.024	0.99	0.98	0.018
Group-Avg: 12mth v Base	: E=4.5,2.5	4.48	0.023	0.99	2.48	0.023

- . All estimates unbiased
- . As expected, G and G*T effects equivalent across pandemic status
- . ANCOVA RE gains except for group-averaged time effects.

Scenario 04: PM4 [G|T|P@2], S(1,2,3,4)

		PANDEMIC=0			PANDEMIC=1		
		b	se	RE	b	se	RE
Simple Group Main Effects							
Trt v Ctl @ Base	: E=0, -1	0.01	0.021	1.203	-0.99	0.027	2.119
Trt v Ctl @ 6mth	: E=3, 2	2.95	0.023	1.418	1.94	0.023	1.438
Trt v Ctl @ 12mth	: E=5, 4	4.99	0.027	2.090	3.99	0.021	1.220
Trt v Ctl @ 6mth+12mth: Time-Avg:	E=4, 3	3.97	0.021	1.323	2.97	0.017	1.157
<hr/>							
Group*Time Interaction Effects							
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base- 6m	: E=3, 3	2.94	0.029	1.576	2.94	0.029	2.877
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @ 6m-12m	: E=2, 2	2.04	0.029	2.837	2.04	0.029	1.598
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base-12m	: E=5, 5	4.99	0.031	2.206	4.99	0.031	2.237
<hr/>							
Within-Group Time Main Effects							
Ctl: 6mth v Base	: E=1, 0	1.03	0.023	1.218	0.02	0.028	1.491
Ctl: 12mth v 6mth	: E=1, 0	0.94	0.028	1.471	-0.04	0.023	1.235
Ctl: 12mth v Base	: E=2, 0	1.98	0.027	1.369	-0.01	0.027	1.388
Trt: 6mth v Base	: E=4, 3	3.98	0.023	1.218	2.97	0.028	1.491
Trt: 12mth v 6mth	: E=3, 2	2.99	0.028	1.471	2.00	0.023	1.235
Trt: 12mth v Base	: E=7, 5	6.97	0.027	1.369	4.97	0.027	1.388
<hr/>							
Group-Averaged Time Main Effects							
Group-Avg: 6mth v Base	: E=2.5, 1.5	2.51	0.018	0.992	1.49	0.024	1.006
Group-Avg: 12mth v 6mth	: E=2.0, 1.0	1.97	0.024	0.992	0.98	0.018	1.006
Group-Avg: 12mth v Base	: E=4.5, 2.5	4.48	0.023	0.992	2.48	0.023	1.006

- . All estimates unbiased
- . As expected, G*T effects equivalent across pandemic status
- . RE gains except for group-averaged time effects.

Scenario 05: PM5 [G|T|P], S(1,2,3,4)

		PANDEMIC=0			PANDEMIC=1		
		b	se	RE	b	se	RE
Simple Group Main Effects							
Trt v Ctl @ Base	: E=0, -1	-0.00	0.023	0.993	-0.96	0.040	1.007
Trt v Ctl @ 6mth	: E=3, 0	2.96	0.028	0.993	-0.06	0.028	1.007
Trt v Ctl @ 12mth	: E=5, 1	5.00	0.040	0.993	0.99	0.023	1.007
Trt v Ctl @ 6mth+12mth: Time-Avg:	E=4, 0.5	3.98	0.024	0.993	0.46	0.018	1.007
<hr/>							
Group*Time Interaction Effects							
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base- 6m	: E=3, 1	2.96	0.036	0.993	0.90	0.049	1.007
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @ 6m-12m	: E=2, 1	2.04	0.049	0.993	1.05	0.036	1.007
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base-12m	: E=5, 2	5.01	0.046	0.993	1.95	0.046	1.007
<hr/>							
Within-Group Time Main Effects							
Ctl: 6mth v Base	: E=1, 0	1.02	0.025	0.993	0.04	0.034	1.007
Ctl: 12mth v 6mth	: E=1, 0	0.94	0.034	0.993	-0.04	0.025	1.007
Ctl: 12mth v Base	: E=2, 0	1.97	0.032	0.993	0.00	0.032	1.007
Trt: 6mth v Base	: E=4, 1	3.99	0.025	0.993	0.94	0.034	1.007
Trt: 12mth v 6mth	: E=3, 1	2.99	0.034	0.993	1.00	0.025	1.007
Trt: 12mth v Base	: E=7, 2	6.98	0.032	0.993	1.95	0.032	1.007
<hr/>							
Group-Averaged Time Main Effects							
Group-Avg: 6mth v Base	: E=2.5, 0.5	2.51	0.018	0.993	0.49	0.024	1.007
Group-Avg: 12mth v 6mth	: E=2.0, 0.5	1.97	0.024	0.993	0.48	0.018	1.007
Group-Avg: 12mth v Base	: E=4.5, 1.0	4.48	0.023	0.993	0.98	0.023	1.007

- . All estimates unbiased, but are specific to pandemic status
- . As expected no equivalent effects across pandemic status
- . No RE gains. **ANCOVA** effectively a **Stratified** analysis

A case where the ANOVA setup outperforms the ANCOVA setup

PM5 Dx model results

Source	df	χ^2	p	.
Group	1	10714.2	<.0001	
Time	2	28030.5	<.0001	
Group*Time	2	11415.7	<.0001	
Pandemic	1	67394.5	<.0001	
Group*Pandemic	1	10907.0	<.0001	
Time*Pandemic	2	11579.7	<.0001	
Group*Time*Pandemic	2	2290.30	<.0001	

	Estimate	StdErr	p
Dx: Simple 2x2 Effects of Time*Pandemic			
Time*Pandemic: Base- 6mth	-2.0141	0.0306	<.0001
Time*Pandemic: Base-12mth	-3.5024	0.0327	<.0001

Dx: 2x2x2 Effects of Group*Time*Pandemic			
Group*Time*Pandemic: Base- 6mth	2.0643	0.0612	<.0001
Group*Time*Pandemic: Base-12mth	3.0547	0.0654	<.0001

For PM5, the T*P and the G*T*P effects each result in two substantial contrasts.

For T*P, pandemic status modifies change from Base-6m & from Base-12m

For G*T*P, pandemic status modifies the G*T effect from Base-6m & Base-12m

What if the population model G*T*P effect was less complicated?

Scenario 05c: PM5c [G|T|P]c, S(1,2,3,4)

PM5c includes T*P and G*T*P interaction effects whereby pandemic significantly
 (i) modifies the time effect from Base-6m, but not the effect from Base-12m
 (ii) modifies the G*T effect from Base-6m, but not the effect from Base-12m

PM5c Dx model results

Source	DF	χ^2	p	.
Group	1	20345.0	<.0001	
Time	2	78385.1	<.0001	
Group*Time	2	23707.8	<.0001	
Pandemic	1	28327.8	<.0001	
Group*Pandemic	1	4265.38	<.0001	
Time*Pandemic	2	6065.11	<.0001	
Group*Time*Pandemic	2	1553.47	<.0001	
		Estimate	StdErr	p
Dx: Simple Effects of Time*Pandemic				
Time*Pandemic: Base- 6mth		-2.0141	0.0306	<.0001
Time*Pandemic: Base-12mth		-0.0024	0.0327	0.9413
Dx: 2x2 Effects of Group*Time*Pandemic				
Group*Time*Pandemic: Base- 6mth		2.0643	0.0612	<.0001
Group*Time*Pandemic: Base-12mth		0.0547	0.0654	0.4032

Recall that PM5 is the worst-case population model.

What happens when the nature of the PM5 G*T*P effect is simplified?

Scenario 05c: PM5c [G|T|P]c, S(1,2,3,4)

ANOVA setup versus ANCOVA setup

		ANOVA			ANCOVA (pre-pandemic)		
		b	se	RE	b	se	RE
Simple Group Main Effects							
Trt v Ctl @ Base	: E=0, -1	-0.48	0.023	.	-0.00	0.023	0.99
Trt v Ctl @ 6mth	: E=3, 0	1.45	0.020	.	2.96	0.028	0.99
Trt v Ctl @ 12mth	: E=5, 4	4.50	0.023	.	5.00	0.040	0.99
Trt v Ctl @ 6mth+12mth: Time-Avg:	E=4, 2	2.97	0.015	.	3.98	0.024	0.99
<hr/>							
Group*Time Interaction Effects							
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base- 6m	: E=3, 1	1.93	0.030	.	2.96	0.036	0.99
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @ 6m-12m	: E=2, 4	3.04	0.030	.	2.04	0.049	0.99
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base-12m	: E=5, 5	4.98	0.032	1.98	5.01	0.046	0.99
<hr/>							
Within-Group Time Main Effects							
Ctl: 6mth v Base	: E=1, 0	0.53	0.021	.	1.02	0.025	0.99
Ctl: 12mth v 6mth	: E=1, 2	1.45	0.021	.	0.94	0.034	0.99
Ctl: 12mth v Base	: E=2, 2	1.98	0.023	1.98	1.97	0.032	0.99
<hr/>							
Trt: 6mth v Base	: E=4, 1	2.47	0.021	.	3.99	0.025	0.99
Trt: 12mth v 6mth	: E=3, 6	4.50	0.021	.	2.99	0.034	0.99
Trt: 12mth v Base	: E=7, 7	6.97	0.023	1.98	6.98	0.032	0.99
<hr/>							
Group-Averaged Time Main Effects							
Group-Avg: 6mth v Base	: E=2.5, 0.5	1.50	0.015	.	2.51	0.018	0.99
Group-Avg: 12mth v 6mth	: E=2.0, 4.0	2.97	0.015	.	1.97	0.024	0.99
Group-Avg: 12mth v Base	: E=4.5, 4.5	4.48	0.016	1.98	4.48	0.023	0.99

In this case, ANOVA produces mostly pandemic-averaged results. However, under PM5c, for all $T_{(Base-12m)}$ and $G^*T_{(Base-12m)}$ effects, the ANOVA setup obtains a RE gain of 2.0 versus the ANCOVA setup

Simulations with S(1,2,3)

The 2nd set of simulations consider analyses of data with S(1,2,3)
where **time** & **pandemic** are not fully crossed

S(1,2,3) simulated sample sizes by sequence

Sequence	Base	6mth	12mth
1	2500	2500	2500
2	2500	2500	2500
3	2500	2500	2500

S(1,2,3) simulated sample sizes by pandemic

Pandemic	Base	6mth	12mth
0	7500	2500	5000
1	.	5000	2500

In short, the data do not include a pandemic-era baseline

Simulations with S(1,2,3)

With S(1,2,3) [and S(2,3,4)] the Dx model tests of the time*pandemic and group*time*pandemic effects will each have 1df. Still testable.

Results Summary

- . All ANCOVA estimates were unbiased within each population model: PM1 through PM5.
- . However, T*P or G*T*P effects in the population model made it impossible to estimate pandemic-era time effects beyond Δ_{6m-12m}
- . If you have S(1,2,3) and want a full set of pandemic-era estimates, then consider augmenting the study to add a pandemic-era baseline
- . ANCOVA offered efficiency gains, except for PM5.

Scenario 06: PM3 [G|T, T|P], S(1,2,3)

		PANDEMIC=0		PANDEMIC=1			
		b	se	RE	b_	se	RE
Simple Group Main Effects							
Trt v Ctl @ Base	: E=0,0	-0.00	0.023	0.99	-0.00	.	.
Trt v Ctl @ 6mth	: E=3,3	2.97	0.023	1.48	2.97	-0.021	3.04
Trt v Ctl @ 12mth	: E=5,5	4.99	0.023	2.97	4.99	0.005	1.52
Trt v Ctl @ 6mth+12mth: Time-Avg:	E=4,4	3.98	0.016	2.23	3.98	-0.007	2.28
<hr/>							
Group*Time Interaction Effects							
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base- 6m	: E=3,3	2.97	0.032	1.24	2.97	.	.
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @ 6m-12m	: E=2,2	2.02	0.032	2.23	2.02	0.027	2.28
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base-12m	: E=5,5	5.00	0.032	1.98	5.00	.	.
<hr/>							
Within-Group Time Main Effects							
Ctl: 6mth v Base	: E=1,0	1.02	0.024	1.10	.	.	.
Ctl: 12mth v 6mth	: E=1,0	0.95	0.029	1.37	-0.015	-0.013	1.40
Ctl: 12mth v Base	: E=2,0	1.98	0.028	1.32	.	.	.
Trt: 6mth v Base	: E=4,3						
Trt: 12mth v 6mth	: E=3,2	2.98	0.029	1.37	2.00	0.013	1.40
Trt: 12mth v Base	: E=7,5	6.98	0.028	1.32	.	.	.
<hr/>							
Group-Averaged Time Main Effects							
Group-Avg: 6mth v Base	: E=2.5,1.5	2.51	0.018	0.99	.	.	.
Group-Avg: 12mth v 6mth	: E=2.0,1.0	1.97	0.024	0.99	0.99	-0.000	1.01
Group-Avg: 12mth v Base	: E=4.5,2.5	4.48	0.023	0.99	.	.	.

- . All estimates unbiased
- . As expected G and G*T effects are equivalent across pandemic status
- . RE gains of ANCOVA, except for time-averaged group effects
- . For a full set of pandemic-era estimates, add a pandemic-era baseline
- . Comment: ANCOVA produced all pandemic-era G and G*T estimates

Simulations with S(2,3,4)

The 3rd set of simulations considered analysis of data with **S(2,3,4)** where, again, **time** & **pandemic** are not fully crossed

S(2,3,4) simulated sample sizes by sequence

Sequence	Base	6mth	12mth
2	2500	2500	2500
3	2500	2500	2500
4	2500	2500	2500

S(2,3,4) simulated sample sizes by pandemic

pandemic	Base	6mth	12mth
0	5000	2500	.
1	2500	5000	7500

Results Summary. Similar to **S(1,2,3)** except for two main points

- . If the Analysis model includes **T*P** or **G*T*P** effects, then you will not obtain a full set of pre-pandemic estimates.
- . An augmented design would require a pre-pandemic 12m assessment, but often that won't be possible.

Simulations with S(1,2)

The 4th set of simulations considered analysis of data with **S(1,2)** where, again, **time** & **pandemic** are not fully crossed

S(1,2) simulated sample sizes by sequence

Sequence	Base	6mth	12mth
1	2500	2500	2500
2	2500	2500	2500

S(1,2,3) simulated sample sizes by pandemic

Pandemic	Base	6mth	12mth
0	5000	5000	2500
1	.	.	2500

With **S(1,2)**, the **Dx** model cannot test **T*P** or **G*T*P** effects.

Under **S(1,2)**, those effects have 0 df

Even so, if the pop. model includes **G*T*P** effects (**PM5**), then **S(1,2)** can result in some biased **ANCOVA** effects.

We consider **PM5, S(1,2)** to see the worst case.

Scenario 07: PM5 [G|T|P], S(1,2)

		PANDEMIC=0			PANDEMIC=1		
		b	se	RE	b	se	RE
Simple Group Main Effects							
Trt v Ctl @ Base	: E=0, -1	0.02	0.028	1.00	-3.97	0.062	.
Trt v Ctl @ 6mth	: E=3, 0	2.96	0.028	1.00	-1.03	0.062	.
Trt v Ctl @ 12mth	: E=5, 1	5.00	0.039	1.00	1.01	0.039	1.01
Trt v Ctl @ 6mth+12mth: Time-Avg:	E=4, 0.5	3.98	0.024	1.00	-0.01	0.046	.
Group*Time Interaction Effects							
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base- 6m	: E=3, 1	2.94	0.039	1.00	2.94	0.039	.
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @ 6m-12m	: E=2, 1	2.04	0.048	1.00	2.04	0.048	.
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base-12m	: E=5, 2	4.98	0.048	1.00	4.98	0.048	.
Within-Group Time Main Effects							
Ctl: 6mth v Base	: E=1, 0	1.04	0.028	1.00	1.04	0.028	.
Ctl: 12mth v 6mth	: E=1, 0	0.94	0.034	1.00	0.94	0.034	.
Ctl: 12mth v Base	: E=2, 0	1.99	0.034	1.00	1.99	0.034	.
Trt: 6mth v Base	: E=4, 1	3.98	0.028	1.00	3.98	0.028	.
Trt: 12mth v 6mth	: E=3, 1	2.99	0.034	1.00	2.99	0.034	.
Trt: 12mth v Base	: E=7, 2	6.98	0.034	1.00	6.98	0.034	.
Group-Averaged Time Main Effects							
Group-Avg: 6mth v Base	: E=2.5, 0.5	2.51	0.019	1.00	2.51	0.019	.
Group-Avg: 12mth v 6mth	: E=2.0, 0.5	1.97	0.024	1.00	1.97	0.024	.
Group-Avg: 12mth v Base	: E=4.5, 1.0	4.48	0.024	1.00	4.48	0.024	.

Unbiased pre-pandemic effects; essentially a stratified analysis with PM5

Biased pandemic-era group main effects, except group at 12 months

Pandemic-era G*T and time estimates are really pre-pandemic estimates, but no way to know that: can't test T*P or G*T*P in Dx model w/ S(1,2)

Augmenting S(1,2) w/ pandemic-era baseline would allow testing a pandemic-era G*T_(Base-12m) effect.

Scenario 07: PM5 [G|T|P], S(1,2)

		PANDEMIC=0			PANDEMIC=1		
		b	se	RE	b	se	RE
Simple Group Main Effects							
Trt v Ctl @ Base	: E=0, -1	0.02	0.028	1.00	-3.97	0.062	.
Trt v Ctl @ 6mth	: E=3, 0	2.96	0.028	1.00	-1.03	0.062	.
Trt v Ctl @ 12mth	: E=5, 1	5.00	0.039	1.00	1.01	0.039	1.01
Trt v Ctl @ 6mth+12mth: Time-Avg:	E=4, 0.5	3.98	0.024	1.00	-0.01	0.046	.
Group*Time Interaction Effects							
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base- 6m	: E=3, 1	2.94	0.039	1.00	2.94	0.039	.
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @ 6m-12m	: E=2, 1	2.04	0.048	1.00	2.04	0.048	.
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base-12m	: E=5, 2	4.98	0.048	1.00	4.98	0.048	.
Within-Group Time Main Effects							
Ctl: 6mth v Base	: E=1, 0	1.04	0.028	1.00	1.04	0.028	.
Ctl: 12mth v 6mth	: E=1, 0	0.94	0.034	1.00	0.94	0.034	.
Ctl: 12mth v Base	: E=2, 0	1.99	0.034	1.00	1.99	0.034	.
Trt: 6mth v Base	: E=4, 1	3.98	0.028	1.00	3.98	0.028	.
Trt: 12mth v 6mth	: E=3, 1	2.99	0.034	1.00	2.99	0.034	.
Trt: 12mth v Base	: E=7, 2	6.98	0.034	1.00	6.98	0.034	.
Group-Averaged Time Main Effects							
Group-Avg: 6mth v Base	: E=2.5, 0.5	2.51	0.019	1.00	2.51	0.019	.
Group-Avg: 12mth v 6mth	: E=2.0, 0.5	1.97	0.024	1.00	1.97	0.024	.
Group-Avg: 12mth v Base	: E=4.5, 1.0	4.48	0.024	1.00	4.48	0.024	.

Note. RE only shown if ANCOVA effect is equivalent to the corresponding Stratified effect

Conservative S(1,2). Only report ANCOVA effects that are equivalent to corresponding Stratified estimates, i.e., here that includes

- . All pre-pandemic estimates (green)
- . Pandemic-era estimate of 12-month group effect (purple)
- . Nothing else

ANCOVA S(1,2) will have RE gains if G*T effect not in the pop. model

Simulations with S(3,4)

The 5th set of simulations considered analysis of data with **S(3,4)** where, again, **time** & **pandemic** are not fully crossed

S(3,4) simulated sample sizes by sequence

Sequence	Base	6mth	12mth
3	2500	2500	2500
4	2500	2500	2500

S(3,4) simulated sample sizes by pandemic

pandemic	Base	6mth	12mth
0	2500	.	.
1	2500	5000	5000

Results Summary. Similar to **S(1,2)** except for two main points

- . If the pop. model includes **T*P** or **G*T*P** effects, then you will not obtain all unbiased pre-pandemic estimates.
- . An augmented design would require a pre-pandemic 6m and/or 12m assessments, but often those won't be possible.

Simulations with S(2,3)

The 6th set of simulations considered analysis of data with **S(2,3)** where, again, **time** & **pandemic** are not fully crossed

S(2,3) simulated sample sizes by sequence

Sequence	Base	6mth	12mth
2	2500	2500	2500
3	2500	2500	2500

S(2,3,4) simulated sample sizes by pandemic

pandemic	Base	6mth	12mth
0	5000	2500	.
1	.	2500	5000

Combined with **PM5**, **S(2,3)** is the absolute worst case considered.

The baseline to 12m comparison is completely confounded with pandemic status.

Scenario 08: PM5 [G|T|P], S(2,3)

Again, when the crosstab of Time and Pandemic is sparse,
focus on estimates that can be obtained via Stratified models

		PANDEMIC=0			PANDEMIC=1		
		b	se	RE	b	se	RE
Simple Group Main Effects							
Trt v Ctl @ Base	: E=0, -1	-0.01	0.028	1.00	-2.98	0.063	.
Trt v Ctl @ 6mth	: E=3, 0	2.96	0.040	1.00	-0.00	0.040	1.00
Trt v Ctl @ 12mth	: E=5, 1	3.96	0.063		0.99	0.028	1.00
Trt v Ctl @ 6mth+12mth: Time-Avg:	E=4, 0.5	3.46	0.047		0.49	0.024	1.00
Group*Time Interaction Effects							
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base- 6m	: E=3, 1	2.98	0.049	1.00	2.98	0.049	.
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @ 6m-12m	: E=2, 1	0.99	0.049		0.99	0.049	1.00
2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base-12m	: E=5, 2	3.97	0.069		3.97	0.069	.
Within-Group Time Main Effects							
Ctl: 6mth v Base	: E=1, 0	1.00	0.034	1.00	1.00	0.034	.
Ctl: 12mth v 6mth	: E=1, 0	-0.001	0.034		-0.00	0.034	1.00
Ctl: 12mth v Base	: E=2, 0	0.99	0.049		0.99	0.049	.
Trt: 6mth v Base	: E=4, 1	3.98	0.034	1.00	3.98	0.034	.
Trt: 12mth v 6mth	: E=3, 1	0.99	0.034		0.99	0.034	1.00
Trt: 12mth v Base	: E=7, 2	4.97	0.049		4.97	0.049	.
Group-Averaged Time Main Effects							
Group-Avg: 6mth v Base	: E=2.5, 0.5	2.49	0.024	1.00	2.49	0.024	.
Group-Avg: 12mth v 6mth	: E=2.0, 0.5	0.49	0.024		0.49	0.024	1.00
Group-Avg: 12mth v Base	: E=4.5, 1.0	2.98	0.034		2.98	0.034	.

Unbiased pre-pandemic effects for outcomes at Base and 6mth (green)

Unbiased pandemic-era effects for outcomes at 6 and 12 mth (purple)

For S(2,3) ANCOVA has some efficiency gains if there are no G*P effects

Consider augmenting S(2,3) w/ pandemic-era baseline to obtain...

- . A full set of pandemic-era estimates
- . ANCOVA RE gains for population models PM1, PM2, PM3 & PM4

Final Summary

The ANCOVA setup offers a convenient hybrid approach that produces both pooled-data and stratified estimates, as appropriate.

With 2 groups, 2 pandemic states and >2 assessment times, if...

- . Dx model finds no P main or interaction effects. AN(C)OVA: $Y=[G|T]$
- . Dx model finds P effects, but no interactions w/ P. AN(C)OVA: $Y=[G|T, P]$
- . Dx model finds G|P effects, but no T|P or G|T|P. ANCOVA: $Y=[G|T, G|P]$
- . Dx model finds T|P or G|T|P effects. ANCOVA: $Y=[\text{Analysis Model}]$
If any 1df effects of T|P or G|T|P are non-substantial, then
additionally estimate 1df interaction effects as in ANOVA setup

Compare effect estimates across Stratified & ANOVA/ANCOVA.
Some diagnostic value especially with sparse sequence sets

Final Summary

Plan ahead for best/worst case scenarios wrt modeling options/power.

Consider conducting simulations with inputs from study data, e.g.,

- . types and prevalence of anticipated pandemic sequences
- . intra-person correlation of repeated assessments

Consult your statistician

SAS Code

```
*-----*;  
* _Diagnostic Model_*  
*  
* . GROUP=0 for Ctl, GROUP=1 for Trt  
* . TIME=0 for Baseline, TIME=1 for 6months, TIME=2 for 12 Months  
* . PANDEMIC=0 for pre-pandemic, PANDEMIC=1 for pandemic-era  
*-----*;  
proc genmod data=<your data>;  
  class GROUP TIME PANDEMIC;  
  model Y = GROUP|TIME|PANDEMIC/type3;  
  
* ADD THE FOLLOWING FOR S(1,2,3,4);  
  estimate ' Dx: Simple 2x2 Effects of Time*Pandemic ' int 0;  
  estimate '-----' int 0;  
  estimate 'Time*Pandemic: Base- 6mth' TIME*PANDEMIC 1 -1 -1 1 0 0;  
  estimate 'Time*Pandemic: 6mth-12mth' TIME*PANDEMIC 0 0 1 -1 -1 1;  
  estimate 'Time*Pandemic: Base-12mth' TIME*PANDEMIC 1 -1 0 0 -1 1;  
  estimate '-----' int 0;  
  estimate ' Dx: 2x2x2 Effects of Group*Time*Pandemic' int 0;  
  estimate '-----' int 0;  
  estimate 'Group*Time*Pandemic: Base- 6mth' GROUP*TIME*PANDEMIC 1 -1 -1 1 0 0 -1 1 1 -1 0 0 ;  
  estimate 'Group*Time*Pandemic: 6mth-12mth' GROUP*TIME*PANDEMIC 0 0 1 -1 -1 1 0 0 -1 1 1 -1;  
  estimate 'Group*Time*Pandemic: Base-12mth' GROUP*TIME*PANDEMIC 1 -1 0 0 -1 1 -1 1 0 0 1 -1;  
  
* ADD THE FOLLOWING FOR S(1,2,3);  
  estimate ' Dx: Simple Effects of Time*Pandemic ' int 0;  
  estimate '-----' int 0;  
  estimate 'Time*Pandemic: 6mth-12mth' TIME*PANDEMIC 0 1 -1 -1 1;  
  estimate '-----' int 0;  
  estimate ' Dx: 2x2 Effects of Group*Time*Pandemic ' int 0;  
  estimate '-----' int 0;  
  estimate 'Group*Time*Pandemic: 6mth-12mth' GROUP*TIME*PANDEMIC 0 1 -1 -1 1 0 -1 1 1 -1;  
  
* ADD THE FOLLOWING FOR S(2,3,4);  
  estimate ' Dx: Simple Effects of Time*Pandemic ' int 0;  
  estimate '-----' int 0;  
  estimate 'Time*Pandemic: Base-6mth' TIME*PANDEMIC 1 -1 -1 1 0;  
  estimate '-----' int 0;  
  estimate ' Dx: 2x2 Effects of Group*Time*Pandemic ' int 0;  
  estimate '-----' int 0;  
  estimate 'Group*Time*Pandemic: Base-6mth' GROUP*TIME*PANDEMIC 1 -1 -1 1 0 -1 1 1 -1 0;  
  estimate '-----' int 0;  
run;  
*-----*;
```

```

-----*;
* _ANOVA Model_*
* . GROUP=0 for Ctl, GROUP=1 for Trt
* . TIME=0 for Baseline, TIME=1 for 6months, TIME=2 for 12 Months
* . PANDEMIC=0 for pre-pandemic, PANDEMIC=1 for pandemic-era
* . <analysis model> is the empirical model selected via diagnostic modeling.
-----*;
proc genmod data=<your data>;
  class GROUP TIME PANDEMIC;
  model Y = <analysis model> /type3;

  estimate 'Group Main Effects'           ' int 0;
  estimate " Trt v Ctl @ Base"          " GROUP -1 1 GROUP*TIME -1 0 0 1 0 0;
  estimate " Trt v Ctl @ 6mth"           " GROUP -1 1 GROUP*TIME 0 -1 0 0 1 0;
  estimate " Trt v Ctl @ 12mth"          " GROUP -1 1 GROUP*TIME 0 0 -1 0 0 1;
  estimate " Trt v Ctl @ 6mth+12mth: Time-Avg" " GROUP -1 1 GROUP*TIME 0 -.5 -.5 0 .5 .5;
  estimate '-----'                      ' int 0;
  estimate 'Group*Time Interaction Effects' ' int 0;
  estimate '-----'                      ' int 0;
  estimate " 2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base- 6m"      " GROUP*TIME 1 -1 0 -1 1 0;
  estimate " 2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @ 6m-12m"        " GROUP*TIME 0 1 -1 0 -1 1;
  estimate " 2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base-12m"        " GROUP*TIME 1 0 -1 -1 0 1;
  estimate '-----'                      ' int 0;
  estimate ' Within-Group Time Main Effects' ' int 0;
  estimate '-----'                      ' int 0;
  estimate " Ctl: 6mth v Base"           " TIME -1 1 0 GROUP*TIME -1 1 0 0 0 0;
  estimate " Ctl: 12mth v 6mth"          " TIME 0 -1 1 GROUP*TIME 0 -1 1 0 0 0;
  estimate " Ctl: 12mth v Base"          " TIME -1 0 1 GROUP*TIME -1 0 1 0 0 0;
  estimate '-----'                      ' int 0;
  estimate " Trt: 6mth v Base"           " TIME -1 1 0 GROUP*TIME 0 0 0 -1 1 0;
  estimate " Trt: 12mth v 6mth"          " TIME 0 -1 1 GROUP*TIME 0 0 0 0 -1 1;
  estimate " Trt: 12mth v Base"          " TIME -1 0 1 GROUP*TIME 0 0 0 -1 0 1;
  estimate '-----'                      ' int 0;
  estimate ' Group-Averaged Time Main Effects' ' int 0;
  estimate '-----'                      ' int 0;
  estimate " Group-Avg: 6mth v Base"     " TIME -1 1 0;
  estimate " Group-Avg: 12mth v 6mth"    " TIME 0 -1 1;
  estimate " Group-Avg: 12mth v Base"    " TIME -1 0 1;
  estimate '-----'                      ' int 0;
run;

```

```

*-----*;
* _ANCOVA Model_*
* . GROUP=0 for Ctl, GROUP=1 for Trt
* . TIME=0 for Baseline, TIME=1 for 6months, TIME=2 for 12 Months
* . PANDEMIC=0 for pre-pandemic, PANDEMIC=1 for pandemic-era.
*   For the ANCOVA setup, PANDEMIC is not included in the CLASS statement;
* . <analysis model> is the empirical model selected via diagnostic modeling.
*-----*;

proc genmod data=<your data>;
  class GROUP TIME;
  model Y = <analysis model> /type3;

  lsmeans GROUP '* Pre-Pandemic Estimates' 0 0;
  lsmeans GROUP '-----' 0 0;
  lsmeans GROUP ' Simple Group Main Effects' 0 0;
  lsmeans GROUP*TIME 'Trt v Ctl @ Base, PrePand' -1 0 0 1 0 0 /at PANDEMIC=0 ;
  lsmeans GROUP*TIME 'Trt v Ctl @ 6Mth, PrePand' 0 -1 0 0 1 0 /at PANDEMIC=0 ;
  lsmeans GROUP*TIME 'Trt v Ctl @ 12Mth, PrePand' 0 0 -1 0 0 1 /at PANDEMIC=0 ;
  lsmeans GROUP*TIME 'Trt v Ctl @ 6+12mth, PrePand' 0 -.5 -.5 0 .5 .5 /at PANDEMIC=0 ;
  lsmeans GROUP '-----' 0 0;
  lsmeans GROUP 'Group*Time Interaction Effects' 0 0;
  lsmeans GROUP*TIME '2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base- 6m, PrePand' 1 -1 0 -1 1 0 /at PANDEMIC=0;
  lsmeans GROUP*TIME '2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @ 6m-12m, PrePand' 0 1 -1 0 -1 1 /at PANDEMIC=0;
  lsmeans GROUP*TIME '2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base-12m, PrePand' 1 0 -1 -1 0 1 /at PANDEMIC=0;
  lsmeans GROUP '-----' 0 0;
  lsmeans GROUP ' Within-Group Time Main Effects' 0 0;
  lsmeans GROUP*TIME 'Ctl: 6mth v Base, PrePand' -1 1 0 0 0 0/at PANDEMIC=0;
  lsmeans GROUP*TIME 'Ctl: 12mth v 6mth, PrePand' 0 -1 1 0 0 0/at PANDEMIC=0;
  lsmeans GROUP*TIME 'Ctl: 12mth v Base, PrePand' -1 0 1 0 0 0/at PANDEMIC=0;
  lsmeans GROUP '-----' 0 0;
  lsmeans GROUP*TIME 'Trt: 6mth v Base, PrePand' 0 0 0 -1 1 0/at PANDEMIC=0;
  lsmeans GROUP*TIME 'Trt: 12mth v 6mth, PrePand' 0 0 0 0 -1 1/at PANDEMIC=0;
  lsmeans GROUP*TIME 'Trt: 12mth v Base, PrePand' 0 0 0 -1 0 1/at PANDEMIC=0;
  lsmeans GROUP '-----' 0 0;
  lsmeans GROUP ' Group-Averaged Time Main Effects' 0 0;
  lsmeans GROUP*TIME 'Group-Avg: 6mth v Base, PrePand' -.5 .5 0 -.5 .5 0/at PANDEMIC=0;
  lsmeans GROUP*TIME 'Group-Avg: 12mth v 6mth, PrePand' 0 -.5 .5 0 -.5 .5/at PANDEMIC=0;
  lsmeans GROUP*TIME 'Group-Avg: 12mth v Base, PrePand' -.5 0 .5 -.5 0 .5/at PANDEMIC=0;
  lsmeans GROUP '-----' 0 0;
run;

* ALSO INCLUDE ANOTHER SET OF THE ABOVE LSMESTIMATE COMMANDS REPLACING `/AT PANDEMIC=0` WITH `/AT PANDEMIC=1`;
```

```

-----*;
* STRATIFIED MODEL FOR PANDEMIC=0
*
* FOR THE PRE-PANDEMIC STRATIFIED MODEL, PANDEMIC=0 IS DECLARED IN THE SAS `WHERE` STATEMENT;
-----*;

proc genmod data=<your data>;
  class GROUP TIME;
  model Y = GROUP|TIME/type3;
  where PANDEMIC=0;

* INCLUDE ONLY IF S(3,4). ONLY THE EFFECTS THAT CAN BE ESTIMATED ARE INCLUDED;
estimate ' Simple Group Main Effects           ' int 0;
estimate " Trt v Ctl @ Base                  " GROUP -1 1;

* INCLUDE ONLY IF S(2,3,4). ONLY THE EFFECTS THAT CAN BE ESTIMATED ARE INCLUDED;
estimate ' Simple Group Main Effects           ' int 0;
estimate " Trt v Ctl @ Base                  " GROUP -1 1 GROUP*TIME -1 0 1 0;
estimate " Trt v Ctl @ 6mth                   " GROUP -1 1 GROUP*TIME 0 -1 0 1;
estimate ' -----' int 0;
estimate ' Group*Time Interaction Effects    ' int 0;
estimate " 2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base- 6m     " GROUP*TIME 1 -1 -1 1;
estimate ' -----' int 0;
estimate ' Within-Group Time Main Effects      ' int 0;
estimate " Ctl: 6mth v Base                  " TIME -1 1 GROUP*TIME -1 1 0 0;
estimate ' -----' int 0;
estimate " Trt: 6mth v Base                  " TIME -1 1 GROUP*TIME 0 0 -1 1;
estimate ' -----' int 0;
estimate ' Group-Averaged Time Main Effects   ' int 0;
estimate " Group-Avg: 6mth v Base             " TIME -1 1;

* INCLUDE ONLY IF S(2,3) or S(2,3) AUGMENTED. ONLY THE EFFECTS THAT CAN BE ESTIMATED ARE INCLUDED;
estimate ' Simple Group Main Effects           ' int 0;
estimate " Trt v Ctl @ Base                  " GROUP -1 1 GROUP*TIME -1 0 1 0;
estimate " Trt v Ctl @ 6mth                   " GROUP -1 1 GROUP*TIME 0 -1 0 1;
estimate ' -----' int 0;
estimate ' Group*Time Interaction Effects    ' int 0;
estimate " 2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base- 6m     " GROUP*TIME 1 -1 -1 1;
estimate ' -----' int 0;
estimate ' Within-Group Time Main Effects      ' int 0;
estimate " Ctl: 6mth v Base                  " TIME -1 1 GROUP*TIME -1 1 0 0;
estimate ' -----' int 0;
estimate " Trt: 6mth v Base                  " TIME -1 1 GROUP*TIME 0 0 -1 1;
estimate ' -----' int 0;
estimate ' Group-Averaged Time Main Effects   ' int 0;
estimate " Group-Avg: 6mth v Base             " TIME -1 1;

```

```

* INCLUDE ONLY IF S(1,2,3,4), S(1,2,3), S(1,2), S(1,2,3) Augmented, or S(1,2) Augmented;
* ONLY THE EFFECTS THAT CAN BE ESTIMATED ARE INCLUDED;
estimate ' Simple Group Main Effects           ' int 0;
estimate " Trt v Ctl @ Base                  " GROUP -1 1 GROUP*TIME -1 0 0 1 0 0;
estimate " Trt v Ctl @ 6mth                  " GROUP -1 1 GROUP*TIME 0 -1 0 0 1 0;
estimate " Trt v Ctl @ 12mth                 " GROUP -1 1 GROUP*TIME 0 0 -1 0 0 1;
estimate " Trt v Ctl @ 6mth+12mth: Time-Avg" GROUP -1 1 GROUP*TIME 0 -.5 -.5 0 .5 .5;
estimate ' -----
estimate ' Group*Time Interaction Effects   ' int 0;
estimate " 2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base- 6m     " GROUP*TIME 1 -1 0 -1 1 0;
estimate " 2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @ 6m-12m       " GROUP*TIME 0 1 -1 0 -1 1;
estimate " 2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base-12m      " GROUP*TIME 1 0 -1 -1 0 1;
estimate ' -----
estimate ' Within-Group Time Main Effects    ' int 0;
estimate " Ctl: 6mth v Base                  " TIME -1 1 0 GROUP*TIME -1 1 0 0 0 0;
estimate " Ctl: 12mth v 6mth                 " TIME 0 -1 1 GROUP*TIME 0 -1 1 0 0 0;
estimate " Ctl: 12mth v Base                 " TIME -1 0 1 GROUP*TIME -1 0 1 0 0 0;
estimate ' -----
estimate " Trt: 6mth v Base                  " TIME -1 1 0 GROUP*TIME 0 0 0 -1 1 0;
estimate " Trt: 12mth v 6mth                 " TIME 0 -1 1 GROUP*TIME 0 0 0 0 -1 1;
estimate " Trt: 12mth v Base                 " TIME -1 0 1 GROUP*TIME 0 0 0 -1 0 1;
estimate ' -----
estimate ' Group-Averaged Time Main Effects  ' int 0;
estimate " Group-Avg: 6mth v Base            " TIME -1 1 0;
estimate " Group-Avg: 12mth v 6mth          " TIME 0 -1 1;
estimate " Group-Avg: 12mth v Base          " TIME -1 0 1;
run;

```

```

-----*;
* STRATIFIED MODEL FOR PANDEMIC=1
*
* FOR THE PANDEMIC-ERA STRATIFIED MODEL, PANDEMIC=1 IS DECLARED IN THE SAS `WHERE` STATEMENT;
-----*;

proc genmod data=<your data>;
  class GROUP TIME;
  model Y = GROUP|TIME/type3;
  where PANDEMIC=1;

* INCLUDE ONLY IF S(1,2,3). ONLY THE EFFECTS THAT CAN BE ESTIMATED ARE INCLUDED;
estimate ' Simple Group Main Effects           ' int 0;
estimate " Trt v Ctl @ 6mth                  " GROUP -1 1 GROUP*TIME -1 0 1 0;
estimate " Trt v Ctl @ 12mth                 " GROUP -1 1 GROUP*TIME 0 -1 0 1;
estimate " Trt v Ctl @ 6mth+12mth: Time-Avg   " GROUP -1 1 GROUP*TIME -.5 -.5 .5 .5;
estimate ' -----' int 0;
estimate ' Group*Time Interaction Effects      ' int 0;
estimate " 2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @ 6m-12m       " GROUP*TIME 1 -1 -1 1;
estimate ' -----' int 0;
estimate ' Within-Group Time Main Effects        ' int 0;
estimate " Ctl: 12mth v 6mth                  " TIME -1 1 GROUP*TIME -1 1 0 0;
estimate ' -----' int 0;
estimate " Trt: 12mth v 6mth                  " TIME -1 1 GROUP*TIME 0 0 -1 1;

* INCLUDE ONLY IF S(1,2,3,4), S(2,3,4), S(3,4), S(1,2,3) AUGMENTED, or S(2,3) AUGMENTED;
* ONLY THE EFFECTS THAT CAN BE ESTIMATED ARE INCLUDED;
estimate ' Simple Group Main Effects           ' int 0;
estimate " Trt v Ctl @ Base                  " GROUP -1 1 GROUP*TIME -1 0 0 1 0 0;
estimate " Trt v Ctl @ 6mth                  " GROUP -1 1 GROUP*TIME 0 -1 0 0 1 0;
estimate " Trt v Ctl @ 12mth                 " GROUP -1 1 GROUP*TIME 0 0 -1 0 0 1;
estimate " Trt v Ctl @ 6mth+12mth: Time-Avg   " GROUP -1 1 GROUP*TIME 0 -.5 -.5 0 .5 .5;
estimate ' -----' int 0;
estimate ' Group*Time Interaction Effects      ' int 0;
estimate " 2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base- 6m       " GROUP*TIME 1 -1 0 -1 1 0;
estimate " 2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @ 6m-12m        " GROUP*TIME 0 1 -1 0 -1 1;
estimate " 2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base-12m       " GROUP*TIME 1 0 -1 -1 0 1;
estimate ' -----' int 0;
estimate ' Within-Group Time Main Effects        ' int 0;
estimate " Ctl: 6mth v Base                  " TIME -1 1 0 GROUP*TIME -1 1 0 0 0 0;
estimate " Ctl: 12mth v 6mth                 " TIME 0 -1 1 GROUP*TIME 0 -1 1 0 0 0;
estimate " Ctl: 12mth v Base                  " TIME -1 0 1 GROUP*TIME -1 0 1 0 0 0;
estimate ' -----' int 0;
estimate " Trt: 6mth v Base                  " TIME -1 1 0 GROUP*TIME 0 0 0 -1 1 0;
estimate " Trt: 12mth v 6mth                 " TIME 0 -1 1 GROUP*TIME 0 0 0 0 -1 1;
estimate " Trt: 12mth v Base                  " TIME -1 0 1 GROUP*TIME 0 0 0 -1 0 1;
estimate ' -----' int 0;
estimate ' Group-Averaged Time Main Effects    ' int 0;
estimate " Group-Avg: 6mth v Base             " TIME -1 1 0;
estimate " Group-Avg: 12mth v 6mth            " TIME 0 -1 1;
estimate " Group-Avg: 12mth v Base            " TIME -1 0 1;

```

```

* INCLUDE ONLY IF S(2,3). ONLY THE EFFECTS THAT CAN BE ESTIMATED ARE INCLUDED;
estimate ' Simple Group Main Effects           ' int 0;
estimate " Trt v Ctl @ 6mth                  " GROUP -1 1 GROUP*TIME -1 0 1 0;
estimate " Trt v Ctl @ 12mth                 " GROUP -1 1 GROUP*TIME 0 -1 0 1;
estimate " Trt v Ctl @ 6mth+12mth: Time-Avg   " GROUP -1 1 GROUP*TIME -.5 -.5 .5 .5;
estimate ' -----' int 0;
estimate ' Group*Time Interaction Effects      ' int 0;
estimate " 2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @ 6m-12m        " GROUP*TIME 1 -1 -1 1;
estimate ' -----' int 0;
estimate ' Within-Group Time Main Effects       ' int 0;
estimate " Ctl: 12mth v 6mth                  " TIME -1 1 GROUP*TIME -1 1 0 0;
estimate ' -----' int 0;
estimate " Trt: 12mth v 6mth                  " TIME -1 1 GROUP*TIME 0 0 -1 1;
estimate ' -----' int 0;
estimate ' Group-Averaged Time Main Effects     ' int 0;
estimate " Group-Avg: 12mth v 6mth            " TIME -1 1;

* INCLUDE ONLY IF S(1,2). ONLY THE EFFECTS THAT CAN BE ESTIMATED ARE INCLUDED;
estimate ' Simple Group Main Effects           ' int 0;
estimate " Trt v Ctl @ 12mth                  " GROUP -1 1;

* INCLUDE ONLY FOR S(1,2) AUGMENTED. ONLY THE EFFECTS THAT CAN BE ESTIMATED ARE INCLUDED;
estimate ' Simple Group Main Effects           ' int 0;
estimate " Trt v Ctl @ Base                  " GROUP -1 1 GROUP*TIME -1 0 1 0;
estimate " Trt v Ctl @ 12mth                 " GROUP -1 1 GROUP*TIME 0 -1 0 1;
estimate ' -----' int 0;
estimate ' Group*Time Interaction Effects      ' int 0;
estimate " 2x2 Int: Trt v Ctl @Base-12m        " GROUP*TIME 1 -1 -1 1;
estimate ' -----' int 0;
estimate ' Within-Group Time Main Effects       ' int 0;
estimate ' -----' int 0;
estimate " Ctl: 12mth v Base                  " TIME -1 1 GROUP*TIME -1 1 0 0 ;
estimate ' -----' int 0;
estimate " Trt: 12mth v Base                  " TIME -1 1 GROUP*TIME 0 0 -1 1 ;
estimate ' -----' int 0;
estimate ' Group-Averaged Time Main Effects     ' int 0;
estimate " Group-Avg: 12mth v Base            " TIME -1 1;

run;

```